

### Working in the Cook Islands

Whether you are entering the workforce for the first time; or have been in the workforce for some time, it is important for you to know and understand your rights and obligations when you decide to work in the Cook Islands.

This fact sheet provides workers and employers with general guidance on workplace rights and obligations in employment and describes employment basics that are fundamental to good employment relations.

#### What are minimum terms and conditions of employment?

The minimum terms and conditions of employment set the minimum standard of employment in the Cook Islands. Workers are entitled to at least the minimum terms and conditions of employment such as annual leave, sick leave, public holidays, overtime pay, maternity & paternity leave, hours of work, rest breaks and rules about termination.

The minimum standards of employment are also applicable to foreign workers.

A chart of the minimum terms and conditions of employment for full time, part time and casual workers can be found on page 2 of this fact sheet.

# Can I get less than the minimum terms and conditions of employment?

No. It's important to know that your employer can not provide you with terms that a less favourable than the minimum terms and conditions of employment set out in the Employment Relations Act 2012. However, your employer can provide you with terms and conditions of employment that are better than those set out in the Employment Relations Act 2012.

#### **Employment Agreements (Contracts)**

Employments agreements are an important aspect of good employment relations, as they ensure that everyone has clear expectations about their role, working conditions and employment entitlements.

An individual employment agreement can be in writing between the worker and employer or an oral agreement.

Foreign workers are required by the Immigration Office to have a written employment agreement.

(For more information on employment agreements and a basic template refer to the Employment Agreement Brochure)

#### What type of worker am I?

A <u>full-time worker</u> is someone who is employed for at least 35 hours a week; and has regular hours of work each week; and has a reasonable expectation that they will be employed by the employer for those hours each week

A <u>part-time worker</u> is someone who is employed for less than 35 hour a week, has regular hours of work each week

and has a reasonable expectation that they will be employed by the employer for those hours each week

A <u>casual worker</u> is someone whose working hours are irregular or who works intermittently or who is employed for short term work only.

#### Preventing problems at work

It is important to recognise when there is an employment relationship problem and deal with the issue as soon as it arises. Often small problems that are left unresolved become difficult to deal with.

Problems are least likely to arise when:

- Workers and employers are well informed about their employment rights and responsibilities.
- Employment agreements (and any subsequent changes to the agreement) are in writing. This helps prevent misunderstandings.
- Workers are consulted about changes made to the agreement. Getting the workers input will often lead to better decisions and the worker is likely to respond better to change when they have some warning and have been listened to.
- Employers avoid giving assurances or directions that are inconsistent with the written agreement or that are not recorded in it.
- Workers and employers are able to communicate freely and clearly with one another on matters that affect their employment relationship.

#### **Ending your employment**

There are 3 ways in which your employment may be ended, such as resignation, termination and instant dismissal.

A worker and employer are required to give proper notice before ending the employment relationship. However, instant dismissal for serious misconduct does not require an employer to provide any notice.

Detailed information about ending your employment, and your entitlement can be found in the Ending your employment fact sheet

#### OTHER FACT SHEETS

- > Maternity Leave
- > Paternity Leave
- > Health, Welfare & Saftey in Employment
- > Employment Agreement and Template
- > Overtime pay
- > Public Holidays & Sunday
- > Leave Entitlements
- Young workers

For more information contact the Ministry of Internal Affairs on: <a href="mailto:intaff.employment@cookislands.gov.ck">intaff.employment@cookislands.gov.ck</a> or 29370



## **Minimum Terms & Conditions of Employment**

	Full time workers	Part time worker	Casual worker
Annual leave	No less than 10 days for each 12	Entitled to a proportion of annual	No entitlement
	month period	leave based on the hours worked	
		proportional to full time worker	
Sick leave	No less than 5 days for each 12	Entitled to a proportion of sick	No entitlement
	month period	leave based on the hours worked	
		proportional to full time worker	
Public holidays –	Paid leave when public holiday	Paid leave when public holiday	No entitlement
paid leave	falls on a day the worker would	falls on a day the worker would	
	ordinarily be working	ordinarily be working	
Public holidays –	Receive one or a combination of	Receive one or a combination of	Double the rate of pay per hour
rate of pay	the following:	the following:	worked
	> Double the rate of pay per	> Double the rate of pay per	
	hour worked	hour worked	
	> An extra day of annual leave	> An extra day of annual leave	
	> Receive time off in lieu for	> Receive time off in lieu for	
	time worked	time worked	
	> Any other reasonable	> Any other reasonable	
	arrangement that is no less	arrangement that is no less	
	favourable than the above 3	favourable than the above 3	
N4=+=	suggestions	suggestions	No orbital and and
Maternity Leave	No less than 6 weeks paid leave at	No less than 6 weeks paid leave at a rate no less than minimum	No entitlement
	a rate no less than minimum wage for 40hours per week	wage for 40hours per week	
Paternity Leave	No less than 2 days paid leave and	No less than 2 days paid leave and	No entitlement
Paternity Leave	3 days unpaid leave to be taken in	3 days unpaid leave to be taken in	No entitiement
	the first 6 weeks following birth	the first 6 weeks following birth	
Overtime pay	Salaried worker – no entitlement	Salaried worker – no entitlement	Wage worker – all hours beyond
Overtime pay	Wage worker – all hours beyond	Wage worker – all hours beyond	40hours per week is to be
	40hours per week is to be	40hours per week is to be	compensated at one and one half
	compensated at one and one half	compensated at one and one half	times the ordinary rate of pay
	times the ordinary rate of pay	times the ordinary rate of pay	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Refusal to work	An worker may refuse to work	same entitlement as full time	same entitlement as full time
overtime	more than 40hours for the	worker	worker
	following reasons:		
	> Worker was not given		
	sufficient notice of extra		
	hours		
	> Or for health and safety		
	reasons		
Rest and meal	After 3 hours a worker is entitled	same entitlement as full time	same entitlement as full time
breaks	to take a rest period of not less	worker	worker
	than <b>10 minutes</b> during the 3		
	hours.		
	In addition, a worker who work 5		
	or more hours is entitled to a rest		
	of meal break of no less than <b>30</b>		
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Wage protection	An employer can not deduct	same protections as full time	same protections as full time worker
	money from your wages without	worker	worker
	your consent.		
	An employer can only deduct tax		
	and superannuation		
Termination by	Reasons must be linked to one or	Same rules as full time worker	No entitlement
reminiation by	reasons must be imked to one or	Same rules as full tiffle worker	ואט פוונונופווופוונ



employer	more of the following	
	> Capacity	
	> Conduct	
	> Restructuring	